



## Northern tools and data for model comparisons

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FINNISH METEOROLOGICAL INSTITUTE



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A photograph of a scientific facility at dusk or dawn. In the foreground, there's a large white satellite dish antenna mounted on a tall metal tower. Behind it, several smaller white towers stand in a line. The sky is filled with dramatic, colorful clouds ranging from deep blues to bright yellows and oranges, suggesting either sunrise or sunset. The ground is dark, likely a mix of dirt and low-lying vegetation.

**How to validate a new scheme?**  
**Standard station verification**  
**Details of bias**  
**Introduction to Sodankylä**  
**Sounding comparison**  
**Mast comparison**  
**Further possibilities**



## How to validate a new scheme?

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## How to validate a new scheme?

### Northern winter problem

In the model, too warm predicted near-surface temperatures in a stable arctic boundary layer. Differences between observation and forecast of the order of ten degrees are common. In reality, clear sky, no significant SW radiation, shallow surface layer with strong surface temperature inversion over snow covered surface. Relative humidity may be large but not close to saturation. Observed latent and sensible heat fluxes are small, in the model generally somewhat larger. Extra clouds/fog may form in HIRLAM.





## SFS: a possible element of the solution

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## SFS: a possible element of the solution

- Snow - Forest - Scheme by Stefan Gollvik et al.
- Detailed handling of interactions  
in (snow covered) forest and open land
- ISBA framework with diffusion equation in soil  
partly based on the old HIRLAM surface scheme  
developed for the Rossby Centre Climate Model
- references: Norrköping SRNWP workshop, Sodankylä summer school





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## SFS: a possible element of the solution

- Snow - Forest - Scheme by Stefan Gollvik et al.
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- ISBA framework with diffusion equation in soil  
partly based on the old HIRLAM surface scheme  
developed for the Rossby Centre Climate Model
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The scheme is ready for one-dimensional and three-dimensional comparisons

How to know if it solves our problem?



# Standard station verification

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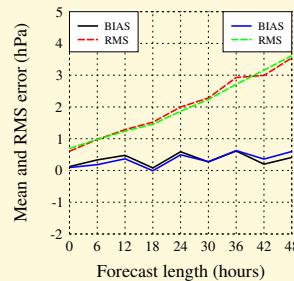
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against Scn observations

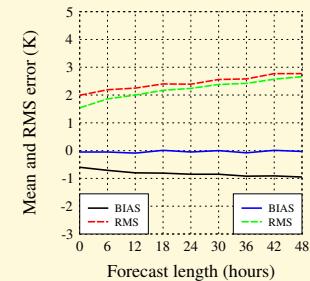
40E (left) OMA (right)

Period: 20050101 - 20050131

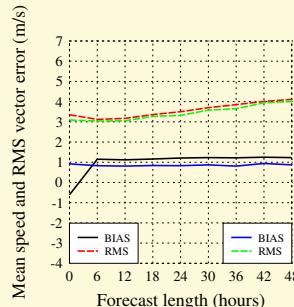
Surface pressure



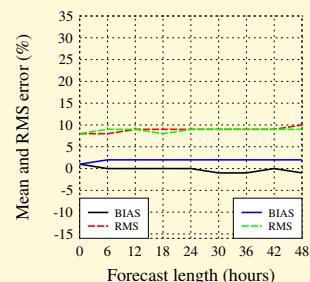
Two metre temperature



Ten metre wind

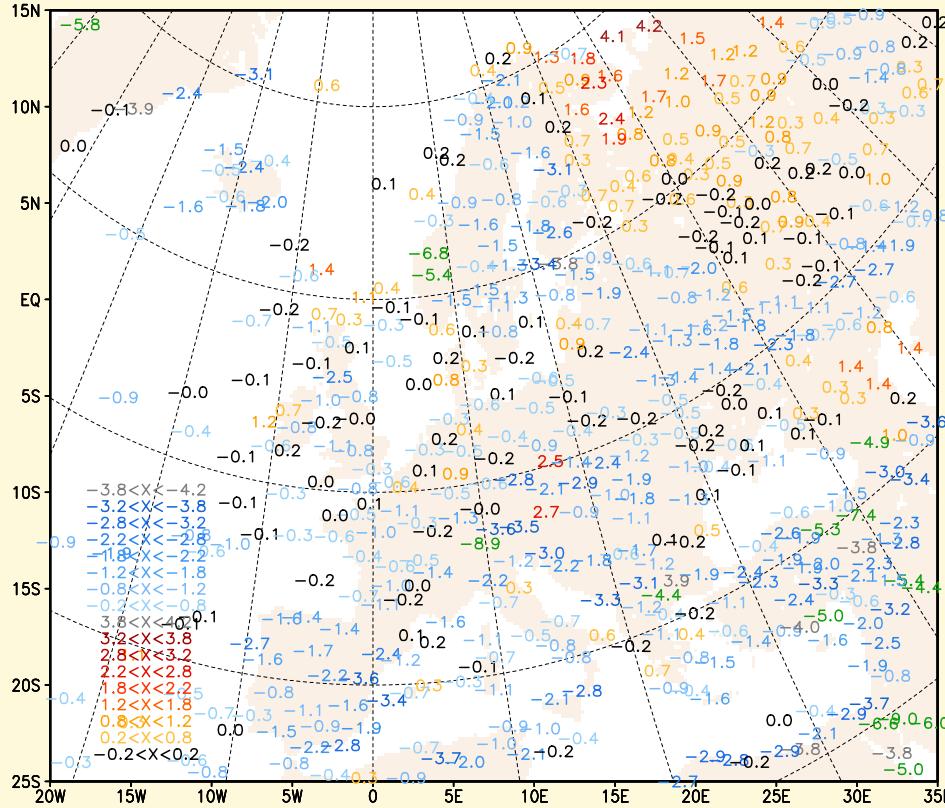


Two metre relative humidity



## ZOBS or details of the bias (1)

bias of 2-m temperature Period: 2005030100 – 2005033112  
Ident: 40E Length: +24 From: 00 12 UTC runs



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## ZOBS (2)

observations WMO022221  
experiment 40E  
Period + fc length: 200501+024

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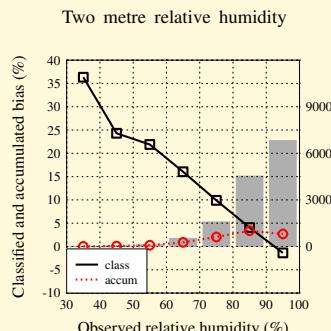
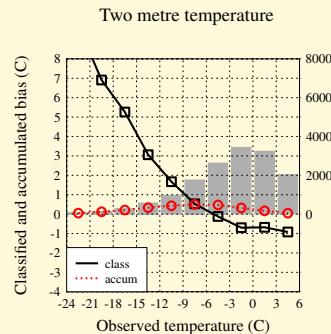
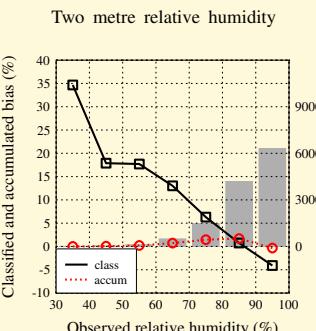
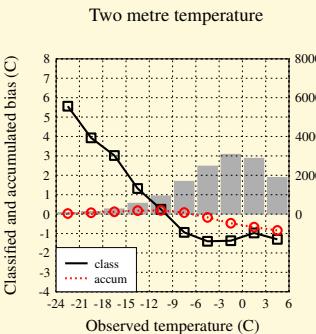
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observations WMO022221  
experiment OMA  
Period + fc length: 200501+024



## Details of the bias (3)

observations WMO022122  
experiment 40E  
Period + fc length: 200501+000

observations WMO022122  
experiment OMA  
Period + fc length: 200501+000

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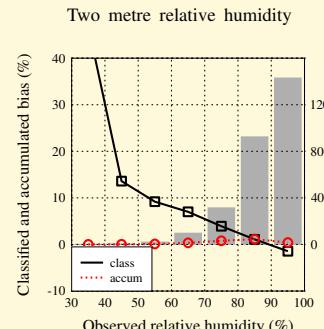
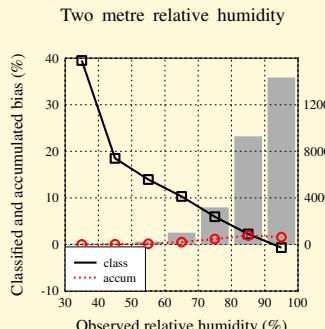
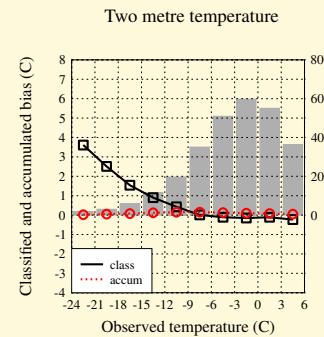
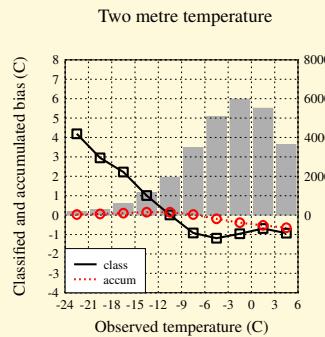
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## Introduction to Sodankylä - FMI ARC

What makes Sodankylä observations interesting?

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## Introduction to Sodankylä - FMI ARC

What makes Sodankylä observations interesting?

Boreal - subarctic environment

- (long-living) Stable boundary layer, cold  $T_s$
- Boreal forest, snow, low solar elevations

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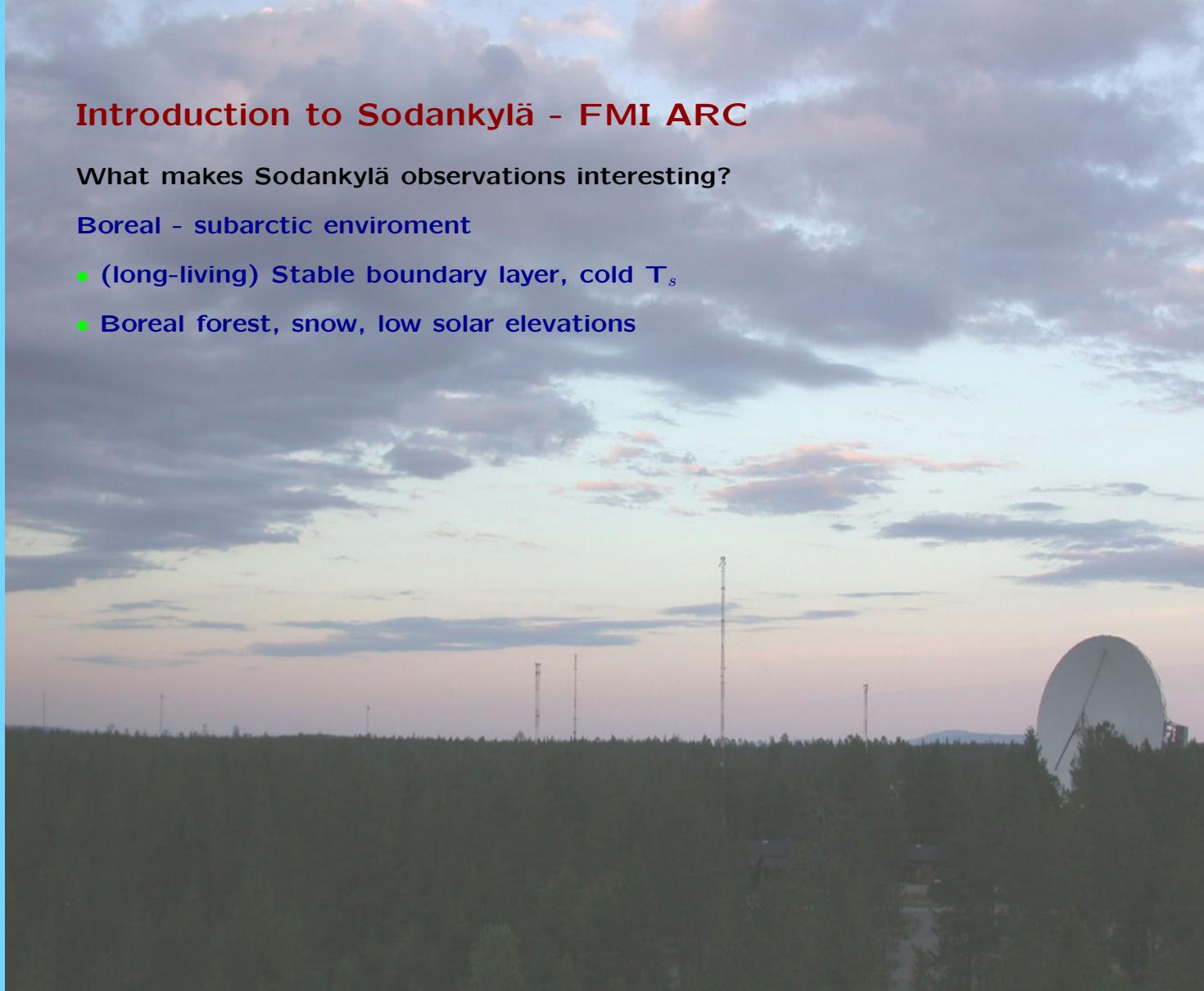
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## Introduction to Sodankylä - FMI ARC

What makes Sodankylä observations interesting?

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- Boreal forest, snow, low solar elevations

Unique combination of measurements

- Sounding data
- Mast measurements: profiles and fluxes
- AWS - SYNOP data + ceilometer
- Soil and snow temperature measurements
- Radar measurements within 40 km

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# Introduction to Sodankylä - FMI ARC

What makes Sodankylä observations interesting?

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Unique combination of measurements

- Sounding data
- Mast measurements: profiles and fluxes
- AWS - SYNOP data + ceilometer
- Soil and snow temperature measurements
- Radar measurements within 40 km

Operational and continuous observations

- Used for operational monitoring
- Quality control: + and -
- Data/Tools availability: + and -
- Possibility for special observation periods

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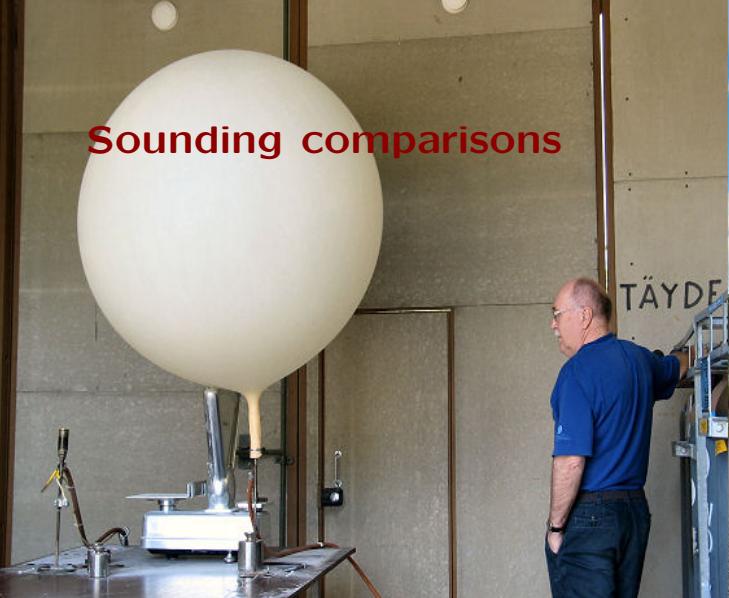
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## Sounding comparisons





## EXP 40E-0305

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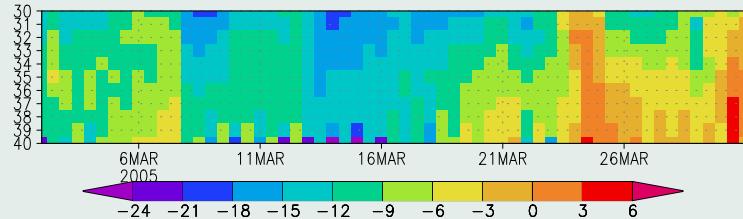
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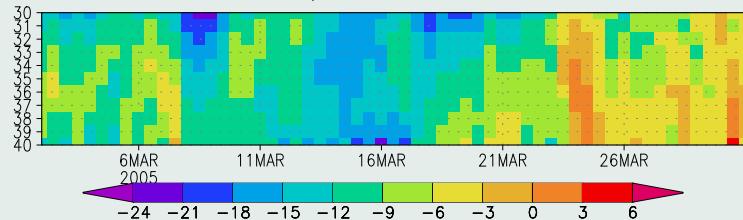
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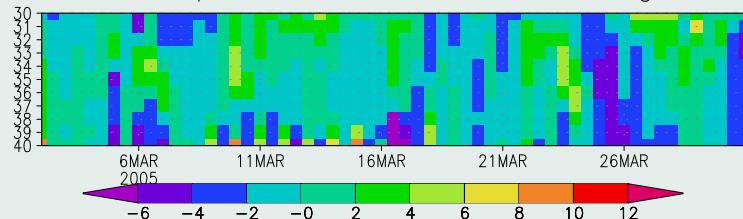
### Temperature, sounding



### Temperature, fc24



### Temperature, model-sounding





## EXP 40E-0305

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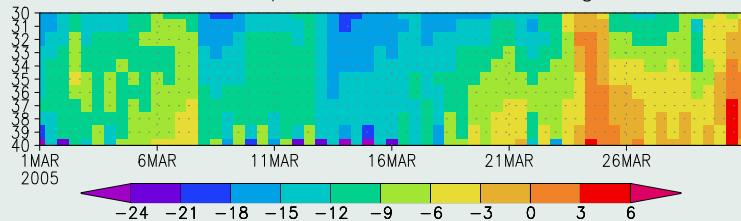
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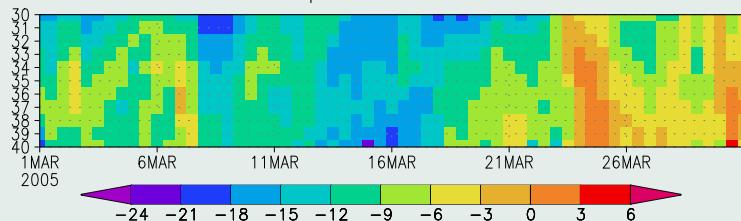
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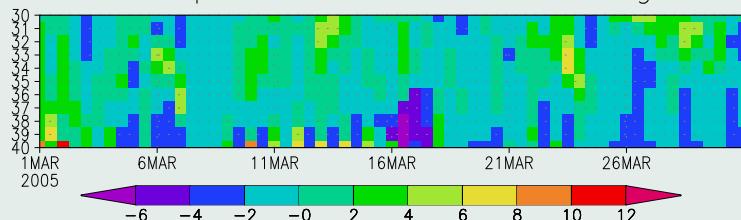
### Temperature, sounding



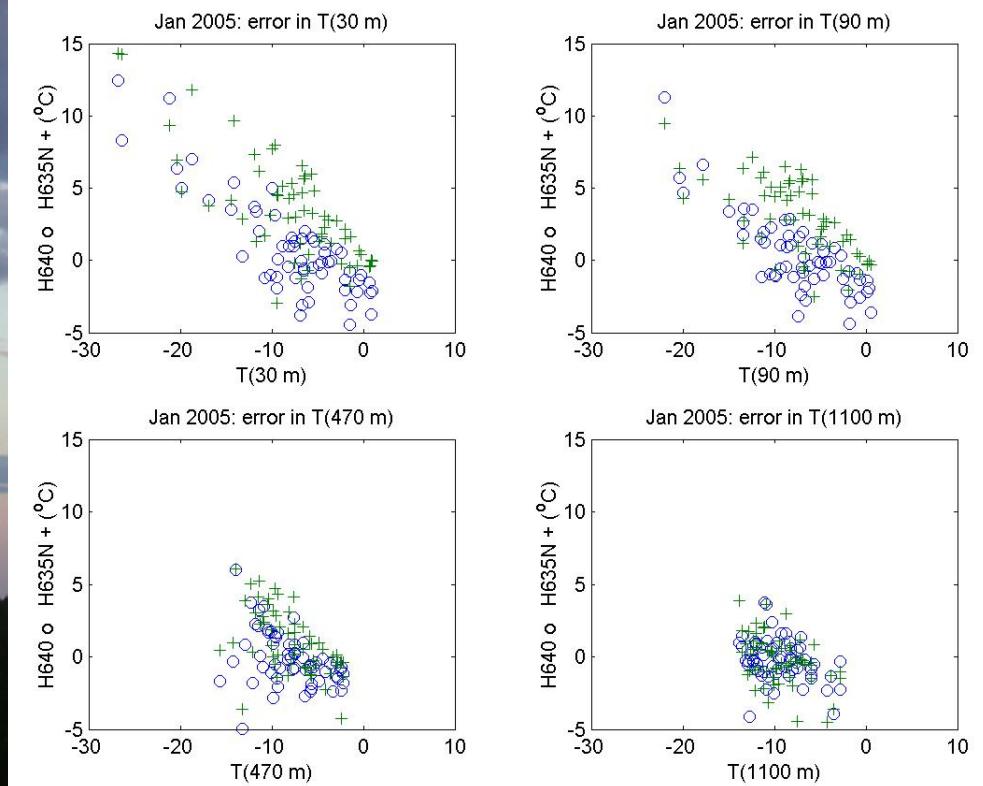
### Temperature, fc00



### Temperature, model-sounding



## Sounding v.s. model as a function of temperature

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## Data for SCM

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## Data for SCM

- Sounding data as initial profile
- HIRLAM experiment data as initial profile
- Observed fluxes etc as lower boundary condition

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## Data for SCM

- Sounding data as initial profile
- HIRLAM experiment data as initial profile
- Observed fluxes etc as lower boundary condition

Tools to pick HIRLAM profile in ASCII

Tools to write ASCII input based on HIRLAM profile

Tools to handle sounding data



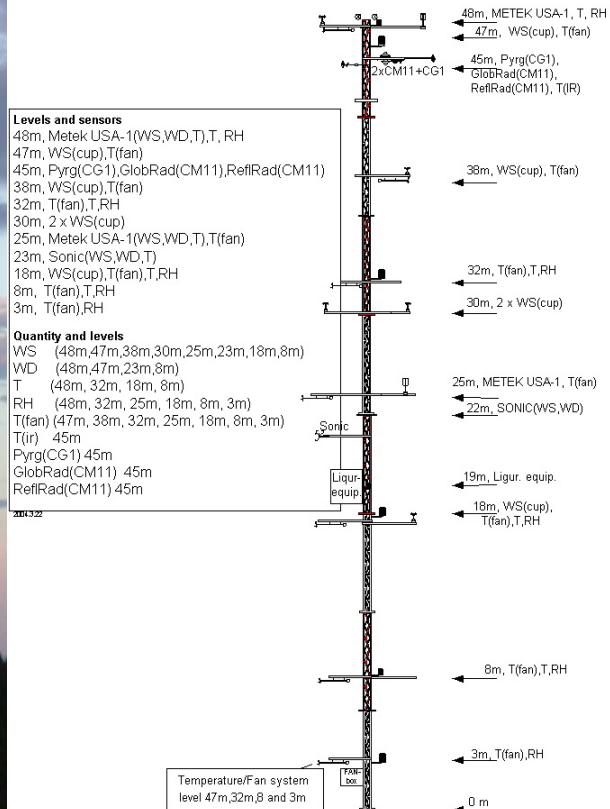
## Mast comparisons

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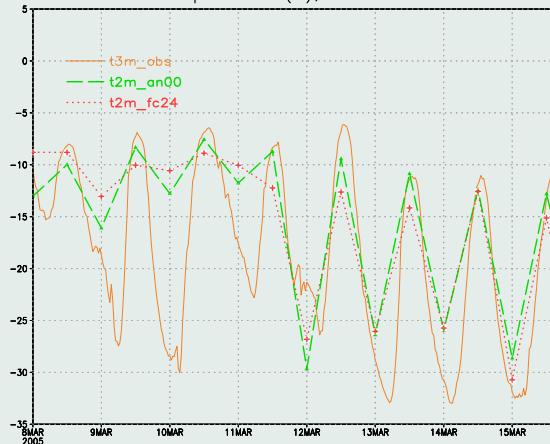
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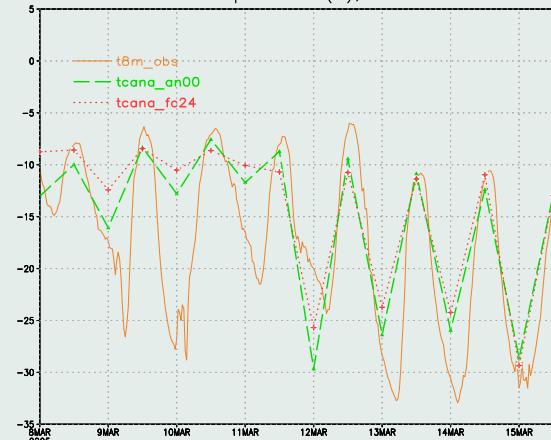
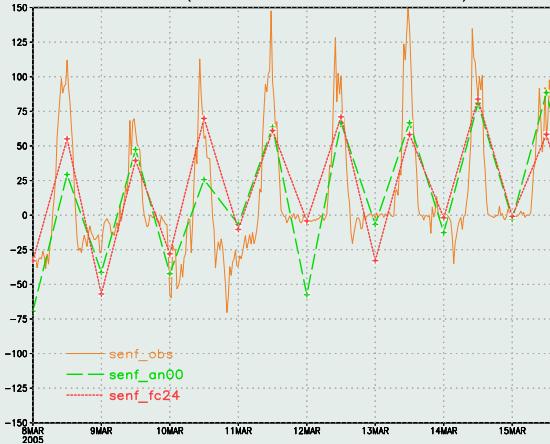
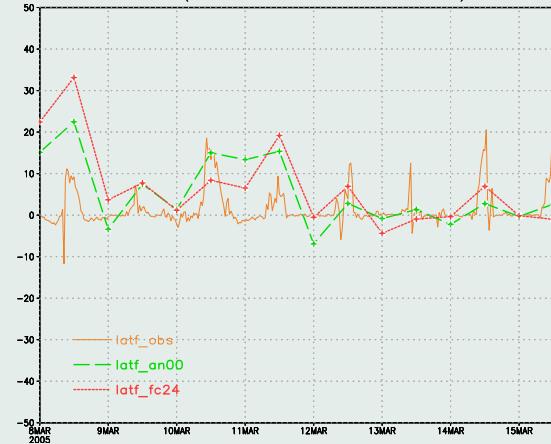
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Temperature (C), 40E-0305



Forest temperature (C), 40E-0305

Sensible heat flux (instant forest value, Wm<sup>-2</sup>), 40E-0305Latent heat flux (instant forest value, Wm<sup>-2</sup>), 40E-0305



## How to make the sounding and mast comparison pictures?

Raw material

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# How to make the sounding and mast comparison pictures?

## Raw material

- Sodankylä soundings - ASCII tables
- Mast profiles: T, RH, wind
  - raw observation ASCII files
- Mast fluxes: senf, latf, momf, SWdn, SWup, LWup
  - raw observation ASCII files
- (LWdown separate measurements
  - raw observation ASCII files)
- HIRLAM analyses and forecast
  - GRIB files, possibly subareas/ASCII profiles

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## Tools

- Main shell scripts RunSounding, RunMast
- Fortran programmes interpol.f90 and sodaconv.f90
- ( Tools to pick subareas and profiles from HIRLAM )
- Grads scripts for drawing





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## Tools

- Main shell scripts RunSounding, RunMast
- Fortran programmes interpol.f90 and sodaconv.f90
- ( Tools to pick subareas and profiles from HIRLAM )
- Grads scripts for drawing

## Output

- Readable converted and interpolated ASCII data
  - for drawing, reading, calculations
- Grads pictures





## Further possibilities

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## Further possibilities

- Surface energy balance studies
- Radiation balance and clouds
- Comparison of snow and soil temperatures
- High temporal resolution AWS data
- Mast data for surface layer studies, e.g.:
  - stability dependency of roughness
  - definition of PBL height based on fluxes
- High resolution sounding data for PBL studies
- Combination of FMI ARC data with Luosto radar





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Need for a Sodankylä Data and Tool Base !

